

**Presentation:** Workshop

**Location:** Osaka University, Osaka, Japan

**Dates:** 9/10-9/23/2011

**Title:** "Debris Disks in Aggregate: Using Hubble Space Telescope Coronagraphic Imagery to Understand the Scattered-light Disk Detection Rate"

**Presenter:** Grady, C.A.

**Abstract:**

Despite more than a decade of coronagraphic imaging of debris disk candidate stars, only 16 have been imaged in scattered light. Since imaged disks provide our best insight into processes which sculpt disks, and can provide signposts of the presence of giant planets at distances which would elude radial velocity and transit surveys, we need to understand under what conditions we detect the disks in scattered light, how these disks differ from the majority of debris disks, and how to increase the yield of disks which are imaged with 0.1" angular resolution. In this talk, I will review what we have learned from a shallow HST/NICMOS NIR survey of debris disks, and present first results from our on-going HST/STIS optical imaging of bright scattered-light disks.